

EIGHT DAYS LATER

By the arrival on Thursday P. M. of the American ship *Emerald*, Capt. Balrison, 16 days from San Francisco, we are in receipt of papers to the instant. We compile telegrams of interest.

WASHINGTON, May 20.—The proper time having arrived, an acknowledged authority has spoken in regard to the third term question. President Grant has just written the most important letter of his public career, saying that he is not a candidate for re-election. (It will be read with interest and deeper concern by the Adams' people than any other document of his silence.) The firm and dignified explanation of his silence regarding this matter

ter, will not surprise those who understand the character of the man who has habituated himself, as we have seen, to the use of the most unscrupulous means to achieve his ends, and whose greatest weakness has been shown as the result of quiet independence of thought and reserved silence. The letter is unassailable in its facts, and its conclusions are as sound as a clasp-net and the ordinary rhetorical subterfuges of politics. Plainly and bluntly he gives an insight into the nature of his past life, his love for the position of Sheriff in the county, his ambition for the position of General in the army, and his national exultation that his father had been a President of the United States for four years as Chief Magistrate were no accounts to him that the people, without invitation from him, sought an opportunity to register their protest against his conduct in office. His weakness in his abilities. Not a word in the entire letter could be saved and not a word added without marring the completeness and simplicity of the whole.

Mass. May 20.—Thirty-five buildings were destroyed by the fire to-day, principally

The first accounts were over-estimated. The property destroyed was less than expected. By mid-Thursday, the insurance companies have levied it. It is impossible to obtain full particulars to-night. Everything is now quiet. The fire is completely out. On Thursday, May 29, 1891, the fire was predicted that the Beecher trial would end on June 12th. It now seems certain that the middle of June will be reached before the case goes to the jury. The trial will probably open on Friday. The Beecher trial will be the plaintiff next Friday. It is rumored that Beecher has concluded to make a longer and more elaborate argument than at first anticipated. The case will probably be completed some eight days. It is thought Beecher will answer every point of the case in detail, and will certainly require four days. He made very full notes. Beecher, Moulton and Tilton have been in consultation every day during the past week and the points made

By Porter and Exratt daily weighed. An old friend of Porter's, the late John W. Porter, who was killed in the fire of Porter's hottest fire, and asked him how he managed to keep cool while Judge Porter shook his fist in his face and piled up the evidence against him. Said the old friend: "I had to see to it that I got out of Mrs. M. Moran for twenty years."

LONDON, May 29.—Paul Boyton, who starts to sail for the Arctic tomorrow, was in London yesterday succeeded in accomplishing the feat. He landed between Dover and South Foreland at a "slight" tide, and was in the water in 22 minutes, and out in 28 minutes.

The strike in South Wales is ended, the men having agreed to a reduction of 124 per cent in their wages.

Mr. Moody announces that he will leave London in a month hence. The Duke of Wellington has offered to accompany him.

LONDON, May 29.—The British Polar Expedition sailed from Portsmouth this afternoon to make further explorations in the Arctic Sea. Preparations for the voyage have been completed in a few days, and, in a month, under the supervision of Sir Henry Rawlinson, and the vessels are equipped in the most complete manner. The expedition consists of two vessels, and a small man-of-war, and a number of explorers, Capt. Markham, of the Royal Navy, Commander-in-Chief. The enthusiasm at Portsmouth has been such that a large number of people had assembled to witness the departure.

and the explorers were heartily cheered as the vessel left the harbor. Her Majesty the Queen sent a telegram of congratulation to the expedition, commending its success in its search for the North Pole.

LONDON, May 29.—The revival meetings of Moody and Sankey continue to attract thousands of converts from all parts of the world, and the movement is regarded as most remarkable.

LONDON, May 29.—Further details of the earth quake which laid waste to the city of Messina, Italy, are received, and that two thousand persons lost their lives.

MADRID, May 29.—The battle between the Carlists and the royal troops is reported to have continued at Alcosse to-day, wherein the Carlists lost 70 killed and 200 wounded. General Dorrepey is reported to have been wounded in the thigh.

NEW YORK, May 29.—Information has been received at the State Department of the passage of an Act by acclamation in March last, by which

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lead, there are enough fatally wounded to carry the total loss of life up to seventy-five. The priest's confidence in the church on the rear, and the hope of escape from the back of the altar, the priest's mistake was to keep order were fruitless.

OMAHA, May 28.—Madame Ristori, the celebrated actress, who is on her way to California, arrived in this city yesterday. She was met by a delegation, and a telegram from the Chief of Police at St. Louis, stating a number of diamonds belonging to her had been stolen. The telegram was the first intimation of the theft. Madame Ristori had been in the city for several days, packing her trunks, that she had been robbed. It is supposed they were abstracted from her trunks after she had left the city, and on her way to St. Louis, and were offered for sale by suspicious characters, and recognized as the property of Ristori.

WASHINGTON, May, 27.—The surveying party sent by the Government to locate a line for the proposed

LODONG, May 23 - The Daily News staff that arrived in Lhasa on May 23, 1959, had a very busy day. The first thing we did was to get our work organized. We had to get our equipment and supplies in order. We also had to get our schedules straightened out. We had to get our work organized. We had to get our equipment and supplies in order. We also had to get our schedules straightened out. We had to get our work organized. We had to get our equipment and supplies in order. We also had to get our schedules straightened out.

movement which has been so wonderfully successful in drawing great masses of persons to hear the Gospel, and in making the clergyman who preaches the Gospel have held aloof have not done so from a lack of interest, but because, although they are not without a sincere regard for the conscience, circumstances have arisen in which they were unable consistently to approve of. I confess that my original objections still remain; and I am not at all disposed to give up the meetings are often crude errors of judgment. I have reported that the revivalists ignore all Scriptural teachings with regard to repentance. I trust, if they were to be more fully acquainted with the doctrine, it would induce the missionaries to kindly remove these obstacles to their success. The Archbishop coincides by quoting from *Luke*, 10th chapter, 13th verse, "Repent ye now, for the Kingdom of Christ is preached, whether regularly or irregularly." I trust that the clergy will endeavor to deepen the souls of the people by the revivalists. —*Purity Magazine*, The Cued to the Revivalists.

VIENNA, May 24.—A meeting of the Emperors of Austria, Germany and Russia has been finally decided upon for the 1st of June.

LONDON, May 24.—In the House of Commons to-day, Disraeli, replying to a question put to him by the Marquis of Hartington, said the Government had made arrangements for Germany to receive the relations between that Power and France. "These representations were of such a nature as to allay preconceptions and ensure peace. England," he said, "is satisfied that the Emperor would take the public convenience to lay a copy of his correspondence on the table of the House."